

คือโจทย์เข้ม

พิเศษนามสอบ

ม.3 เข้าม.4

วิชา **ภาษาอังกฤษ ภาษาไทย**
และ **สังคมศึกษา ศาสนา และวัฒนธรรม**

สอบเข้าโรงเรียนประจำจังหวัด + โรงเรียนรัฐและเอกชนชั้นนำทั่วประเทศ

- เจาะลึกโจทย์และแนวข้อสอบ วิชาภาษาอังกฤษ ภาษาไทย และสังคมศึกษา ศาสนา และวัฒนธรรม ที่ใช้ออกข้อสอบจริง กว่า 1,000 ข้อ จากทุกสนามสอบทั่วประเทศ
- ปรับปรุงแนวข้อสอบใหม่ ครอบคลุมหลักสูตรใหม่ล่าสุด ครบทุกหัวข้อสาระการเรียนรู้
- เฉลยละเอียดทุกข้อ พร้อมวิเคราะห์ข้อถูก-ผิด อธิบายตรงประเด็น เข้าใจง่าย ทำข้อสอบได้รวดเร็วขึ้น

**เก่งข้อสอบแม่่น
+
ทำได้ มั่นใจ
ทุกสนามสอบ!**



สารบัญ



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1



แนวข้อสอบ

สาระการเรียนรู้ ภาษาต่างประเทศ





ชุดที่ 1

แนวข้อสอบ สาระการเรียนรู้ ภาษาต่างประเทศ

จงเลือกคำตอบที่ถูกต้องที่สุด

Conversation 1

Situation : In front of the cinema

Bob : I will buy the tickets and ___(1)___, please?

Jane : Ok, ___(2)___?

Bob : I'd like the sweet one.

Jane : Alright, ___(3)___.

Bob : Ok, but hurry. I think we're quite late.

1.
 - a. can you buy some popcorn
 - b. wait for a while
 - c. you go up first
 - d. go find some friends
2.
 - a. any drinks
 - b. how much
 - c. what flavor
 - d. do you have any cash
3.
 - a. think about that again
 - b. I'll meet you here
 - c. I have a better plan
 - d. don't mind really



Conversation 2

Situation : Henry and John are talking about animals.

Henry : John, ___(4)___?

John : Hippopotamus. It's very cute.

Henry : ___(5)___?

John : It's a giant animal with thick-skinned and one ton ___(6)___.

Henry : Have you ever seen it before?

John : Yes, I've seen it twice, once in the zoo and when I went to Africa.

Henry : ___(7)___.

4.
 - a. have you ever been to a zoo
 - b. what's the biggest animal
 - c. what is your favorite animal
 - d. how can I find wild animals
5.
 - a. How about that
 - b. What is it
 - c. How was it
 - d. Are you serious
6.
 - a. on and on
 - b. on all fours
 - c. on top
 - d. on average
7.
 - a. That does sound remarkable
 - b. You've just made up the story
 - c. It is too absurd
 - d. You have an awkward experience



Conversation 3

Kim : What is the best thing you have done in your entire life?

Kenny : ___(8)___.

Kim : Wow, how many countries have you been to?

Kenny : 56 countries so far.

Kim : ___(9)___?

Kenny : Italy, there are so many beautiful cities. The sculptures located whether inside the building or outside along the road ___(10)___. I felt like I was ___(11)___. What about you?

Kim : Just slept 18 hours after escaping from ton of work!

8. a. Staying in this country
b. Traveling around the world
c. Building a house in the countryside
d. Running for election

9. a. Where's your special place
b. How have you done those things
c. Where would you never go back
d. How is it going

10. a. were destroyed
b. were vulnerable
c. were hard to find
d. were made delicately

11. a. underestimated
b. under fire
c. under the spell
d. under the weather



Conversation 4

Situation : Janet is at the museum with her granny.

Janet : Oh granny, this is interesting to see these pictures.

Granny : Yes. (12) this picture, it was in London 1919.

Janet : I like their uniforms. (13)?

Granny : Yes, they were in the University of London.

Janet : Look at the beside one. There is a woman. Just one woman.... Granny?
Why have you become silent? (14)?

Granny : Oh, she is my grandma and she's so beautiful, (15)?

Janet : She's so beautiful.

- 12.**
- Look after
 - Look at
 - Look for
 - Look ahead
- 13.**
- Were they in the school
 - Did they join the party
 - Did they wear this stuff every day
 - Were they allowed to wear this
- 14.**
- What's wrong
 - How do you do it
 - What should I do
 - Would you believe me
- 15.**
- does she
 - isn't she
 - is she
 - doesn't she



Description

Medovik, a Russian honey cake, has been a traditional dessert for centuries. This dessert is known for a long preparation time. Sponge cake layers with a cream filling in each layer are its composition and the cake is always garnished with nuts or crumbs. Eating the cake with fruits, such as berries, is the perfect combination. It is best served after it has cooled in the refrigerator, or after its layers actually absorb the cream and soften.

16. Which of following is a picture of Medovik?

a.



b.



c.



d.





Reading signs and instruction

How to Withdraw Cash at MMM ATMs by MMM Easy App

1. Visit MMM Bank ATM.
2. Select Cardless Cash (option will be displayed on the screen).
3. Select the language.

Customer will be asked to enter the following details sequentially

- a. OTP
- b. The recipient mobile number
- c. Nine-digit order ID
- d. Amount of the transaction

Once the above details are validated, the cash will be outlaid by ATM.

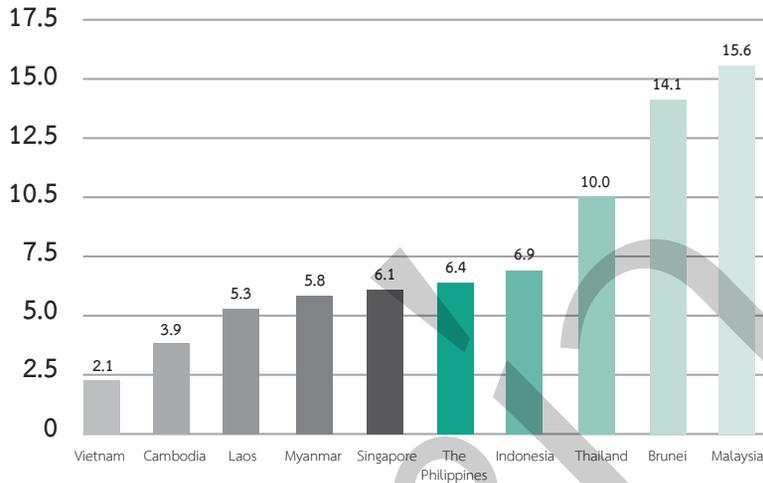
17. Who will be interested in this instruction?
 - a. The customer who wants to pay bill in credit.
 - b. The banker who has to service the customer.
 - c. People who have no ATM card but want some cash.
 - d. The clerks who want to deposit their money in cash.
18. According to the instruction, which is incorrect?
 - a. ATM card is necessary for this service.
 - b. Only the customers of the bank can use this service.
 - c. You need mobile application to complete this service.
 - d. The machine is provided more than one language to use.





Read the given information and answer the questions.

OBESITY IN ASEAN



Source: World Population Review, 2019

19.

According to the bar graph, which countries have higher rate of obesity than 5 percent but not over 7.5 percent?

- Laos and Thailand.
- Singapore and Malaysia.
- Myanmar and Indonesia.
- Cambodia and the Philippines.

20.

What is true about this statistic?

- The difference between obese people between Singapore and Vietnam is less than the difference between Indonesia and Cambodia.
- The number of obese people in Laos and Myanmar is greater than the obese people in Thailand.
- The amount number of obese people in Cambodia and Laos is less than the obese people in the Philippines.
- The number of obese people in Brunei is less compared with the amount number of obese people in the Philippines and Indonesia.



21.

The bar graph showed that _____.

- Brunei is the third country having an obesity problem sorted in ascending order
- Vietnam has the least number of obesity
- Most of Thai people are obese
- The proportion of obese Malaysian is not the most compared with the other countries



Read the passage and answer the questions.

1 [CBS] "I really love sharks," a woman covered in blood after being attacked while swimming in Australia told reporters as she was taken to the hospital on Tuesday. Anika Craney, 29, was swimming off the coast of Queensland when she was struck by an unknown creature in the sea, sustaining injuries and a possible broken ankle, according to the Brisbane Times.

2 But Craney, a shark documentary filmmaker, was adamant about giving the ocean predators the benefit of the doubt. "I still have a thing for sharks!" When she was wheeled by on a stretcher, she screamed to the camera crews. "Sharks are stunning."

3 Despite being in pain when medical personnel arrived, Craney was now firm, laughing, and very happy, according to Queensland Ambulance Medical Attendant Terry Cumming. The helicopter that took her to the hospital was photographed by the Queensland Ambulance Service.

4 According to marine biologist Gareth Phillips, the woman's injuries were minor, indicating that she was likely bitten by another big fish rather than a shark. He said, "If it was a shark, it was a very small shark." "There's a fair chance it was a red sea bass or a giant trevally."



22. According to the passage, which is incorrect?
- The specialist insisted that Craney was attacked by a small shark.
 - Craney was conscious while she was being brought to the hospital.
 - There is no obvious evidence showing that it was shark biting Craney.
 - Craney's wound was not severe.
23. What was not mentioned in the passage?
- Victim background.
 - Animals what could be the attacker.
 - Shark's habits.
 - The name of the one rescue team.



Read the passage and answer the questions.

According to a recent Canadian clinical recommendation, obesity should be determined by a person's health rather than their weight. It urges doctors to prescribe more than just food and exercise. Instead, they should concentrate on the underlying causes of obesity and adopt a holistic approach to health.

The guideline, which was published in the Canadian Medical Association Journal on Tuesday, expressly condemns weight-related stigma in the health-care system. "The dominant cultural discourse surrounding obesity feeds stereotypes about personal irresponsibility and lack of motivation, as well as placing blame and shame on obese people."

The guideline notes that primary care doctors should use it to diagnose and treat obesity in their everyday practice. According to Ximena Ramos-Salas, director of research and policy at Obesity Canada and one of the guideline's writers, research indicates that many doctors discriminate against obese patients, which can result in poor health outcomes regardless of weight. "Weight stigma is more than just accepting the incorrect information on obesity," she told the BBC. "Weight bias has an impact on the behavior of physicians."



Obesity rates in Canada have tripled in the last three decades, with one in every four Canadians now being obese, according to Statistics Canada. Since 2006, the guideline had not been revised. Obesity Canada, the Canadian Association of Bariatric Physicians and Surgeons, and the Canadian Institutes of Health Research collaborated on the new edition, which was funded by a Strategy for Patient-Oriented Research grant. While the new guidance still suggests using diagnostic criteria such as BMI and waist circumference, it acknowledges their clinical weaknesses and recommends that doctors concentrate instead on how weight affects a person's wellbeing.

Small weight loss of 3-5 percent will improve health, and an obese person's "best weight" might not be their "ideal weight" according to BMI, according to the guidelines. Obesity is a dynamic, chronic **condition** that needs lifelong management, according to the study.

"For a long time, we associated obesity with poor lifestyle choices... There used to be a great deal of shame and blame." Ms. Ramos-Salas explains. "People living with obesity, like people living with any other chronic disease, require support." However, rather than simply telling patients to "eat less and exercise more," the guideline encourages doctors to provide support in the form of psychological therapy, medications, and bariatric surgery such as gastric bypass surgery.

The recommendation does not entirely contradict conventional weight-loss guidance. It does, however, point out that maintaining weight is always difficult because the brain compensates by making people hungry, which tempts them to consume more. According to several reports, several people who lose weight when dieting, gain it back. Before addressing a patient's weight, doctors should obtain permission and work with them to focus on the wellness goals that are vital to them, rather than just asking them to cut calories.

24. Who is the target of the clinical guideline mentioned in the passage?

- People who live with obesity.
- Obese Canadians.
- The primary care physicians.
- The director of research and policy.



25. According to the passage, what is the main problem mentioned in the clinical guideline?
- The higher rate of obese patients in Canada.
 - The complexity and chronicity of obesity.
 - Misdiagnosis of obesity.
 - Weight bias.
26. From paragraph 2, you can imply that _____.
- generally, obese people always lack the willpower to reduce their weight
 - obesity patients tend to be blamed about being obese without the right understanding
 - willpower is the most important thing to help people lose their weight
 - every patient in the health system has been judged as irresponsible because they live with obesity
27. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
- The ideal weight of BMI is the key to being healthier.
 - The more weight the patient loses, the more the doctor's successes.
 - Gastric-bypass surgery can help extremely obese people to reduce their weight.
 - The physicians should consider not only cutting calories but also the ideal weight.
28. What is not the reason why physicians should change the way to diagnose their obese patients?
- Because obesity is more complicated than being overweight.
 - Because weight cannot show everything about personal health.
 - Because obesity is specifically focused on a patient's lifestyle behavior.
 - Because the improvement of health is more important than getting weight lost.



29. The underlined word 'condition' is can be replaced by _____.
- process
 - treatment
 - result
 - symptom
30. What is the suggestion of the guideline?
- Doctors ought to emphasize the patient's behavior which causes their obesity.
 - The good health of obese patients should be considered more than how much weight they can reduce.
 - Physicians must not use the body mass index and waist circumference as the diagnostic criteria anymore.
 - The primary care physicians should tell their patients to 'eat less, move more', it is quite a helpful phrase to encourage them.
31. What is the tone of the writing?
- Informative.
 - Constructive.
 - Idealistic.
 - Anxious.



Read the passage and answer the questions.

Daniel Barone, MD, a neurologist at New York Center for Sleep Medicine/Weill, Cornell Medicine Center and author of Let's Talk about Sleep, says it's perfectly normal for you to feel like you need an alarm clock - or several clocks. On the other side, it's a sign that you're going to sleep enough if you usually wake up just minutes before your alarm comes off and that might mean that you "are not necessarily to have a warning clock," he said.



But if you just sleep 7 to 9 hours a night, every morning you're not going to get up necessarily on time, because your body needs to be consistent with rapid eye emotion cycles (REM). He says, our brains go through various stages when we fall asleep. "What happens is that we typically wake up after a period of approximately four to five sleep cycles," he says. If you have been sleeping enough, naturally your brain will be waking up and you're going to want to hit snooze if you haven't had enough sleep. 'The pretty precise nature of our brains.' He says that's why you can wake up in the morning exactly the same time.

The best thing to do to increase your chances of naturally getting up is every night, even on weekends, to go to bed simultaneously. When you get up, it's important not to sleep back because it's confusing your brain and it's time to go back to bed. "The on/off switch of our brain doesn't look like it," Dr. Barone says. "It could be a couple more hours off the commission than if you had just woken up otherwise." And if you tend to snub, well, maybe, if necessary, you want to set a few alarms.

32. What is this article mainly about?

- a. Snoozing habit.
- b. How you can make the brain works accurately.
- c. The ways to get up automatically.
- d. Sleeping cycles in a night.

33. Which suggestion was mentioned about the method to wake ourselves up in the morning without setting alarm in this article?

- a. Try to snooze alarm as frequently as you can.
- b. Try not to lie down again after you wake up.
- c. Avoid getting sleep more than 7 hours per day.
- d. Get up immediately after four or five sleep cycles.



34. According to the passage, what could be the author's attitude of getting up with alarm?
- Waking up with an alarm clock is ordinary and acceptable nowadays.
 - Getting up with alarm is a bad habit that affects the health condition.
 - Setting alarm to wake someone up is misconduct.
 - The alarm clock is unnecessary and harmful to your brain.
35. It can be inferred from the passage that _____.
- sleeping for seven to nine hours confirms that you have enough deep sleep
 - the brain always works even when people fall asleep
 - the body's clock cannot be reset
 - REM cycle is not included as the factor of getting up on time



Read the passage and answer the questions.

An extremely overweight brunet woman went to a doctor whose specialization is treating obesity. She consulted the doctor about how to get shapely. The doctor ordered her to be on a diet.

"I want you to eat vegetables and grains for 2 days, then skip a day, and repeat this procedure for 2 weeks." He gave her the plan to follow. "Next time I see you, you will have lost at least 5 pounds." He said with his hopeful voice.

When the brunet returned, the doctor was shocked by seeing her losing nearly 20 pounds. "Wow, that's amazing!" the doctor surprisingly said, "Did you follow my instructions?"

The woman nodded. "Of course, but I need to tell you, I thought I was going to drop dead that third day."

"From hunger, you mean?" asked the doctor.

"No, from skipping."



เตรียมความพร้อมนักเรียนระดับชั้นมัธยมศึกษาตอนต้น (ม.1-2-3)

ในการสอบเข้าชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 4

ของโรงเรียนและสนามสอบชั้นนำทั่วประเทศ

โดยรวบรวมและพัฒนาแนวข้อสอบฉบับปรับปรุงใหม่ล่าสุด

ครอบคลุมทุกหัวข้อสาระการเรียนรู้ของวิชาภาษาอังกฤษ ภาษาไทย

และสังคมศึกษา ศาสนา และวัฒนธรรม

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คู่มือเตรียมสอบ ม.3 เข้า ม.4
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